

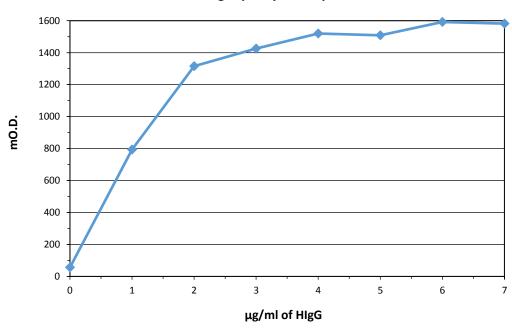
## MEDIUM BINDING CAPACITY SURFACE FOR IMMUNOLOGICAL ASSAYS

## Method 15

Method 15 is an indirect method with human IgG coated on medium binding plates and then revealed through an AHIgG-HRP conjugate.

- 1. dispense 100  $\mu$ l/well of different concentrations of human IgG diluted in 0.1M PBS pH 7.2: 1-2-3-4-5  $\mu$ g/ml and incubate overnight at 4°C
- 2. wash 3 times with 0.1M PBS pH 7.2 + 0.05%Tween<sup>®</sup> 20
- 3. dispense 150  $\mu$ l/well of BSA 1% in 0.1M PBS pH 7.2 and incubate 2 hours at R.T. for blocking the remaining active sites
- 4. wash 3 times with 0.1M PBS pH 7.2+ 0.05% Tween<sup>®</sup> 20
- 5. dispense 100  $\mu$ l/well of Goat Anti-HIgG-HRP conjugate and incubate 30' at R.T.
- 6. wash 3 times with 0.1M PBS pH 7.2 + 0.05% Tween<sup>®</sup> 20
- 7. dispense 100  $\mu$ l/well of TMB
- 8. after 30' stop the reaction with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> 1 N
- 9. reading is made at 450 nm

## Binding capacity of MB plate



The data show that a plateau has got starting with an IgG concentration of 2.0 µg/ml.

This concentration means the well binding capacity we can express as:

 $- \mu g/well = 0.200 (200 ng/well/100 \mu l)$ 

As 100  $\mu$ l of liquid, in term of area, represent 1 cm<sup>2</sup> it is possible to state that the binding capacity is close to 200 ng/ cm<sup>2</sup>. These data are well correlated with other experiments carried out with an unmodified polystyrene surface.